

# THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT, 1923

ACT NO. 8 OF 1923 1\* [5th March, 1923.]

An Act to provide for the payment by certain classes of employers totheir workmen of compensation for injury by accident.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the payment by certain classes of employers to their workmen of compensation for injury byaccident; It is hereby enacted as follows:--

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PRELIMINAR	
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CHAPTER I	
PRELIMINAR	
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l.	
Short title, extent and commencement.	
1 . Short title, extent and commencement (1) This Act may becalled the Workmen's Compensation Act 1923.	
2*[(2) It extends to the whole of India 3***.]	
(3) It shall come into force on the first day of July, 1924.	
2.	
Definitions.	
2. Definitions (1) In this Act, unless there is anythingrepugnant in the subject or context,	
4*	*
(b) "Commissioner" means a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation appointed under section 20;	
(c) "compensation" means compensation as provided for bythis Act;	
5*[(d) "dependant" means any of the following relatives of adeceased workman, namely:-	
$(\mbox{$\dot{1}$})~$ a widow, a minor legitimate son, and unmarried legitimate daughter, or a widowed mother; and	
(ii) if wholly dependent on the earnings of theworkman at the time of his death, a son or a daughterwho has attained the age of 18 years and who is infirm;	
This Act has been extended to Goa, Daman and Diu by Reg. 12 of 1962, s. 3 and Sch.; Dadra and	

Nagar Haveli by Reg. 6 of 1963, s.

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- $2\,$  and Sch. I; Pondicherry by Reg. 7 of  $\,$  1963, s.  $\,$  3 and  $\,$  Sch. Iand Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands by Reg. 8 of 1965, s.
- and Sch. This Act has been modified in its application toapprentices under the Apprentices Act, 1961 (52 of 1961) by s. 16and Sch. to that Act. Subs. by the A. O. 1950, for sub-section (2).
- The words "except the State of Jammu and Kashmir" omitted by Act51 of 1970, s. 2 and Sch. (w.e.f. 1-9-1971). Cl. (a) omitted by Act 8 of 1959, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 4.
- Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for the former clause (w.e.f. 1-6-1959). 5.

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- (iii) if wholly or in part dependent on theearnings of the workman at the time of hisdeath,
  - (a) a widower,
  - (b) a parent other than a widowed mother,
  - (c) a minor illegitimate son, an unmarried illegitimate daughter or a daughterlegitimate or illegitimate if married and a minor or if widowed and a minor,
  - (d) a minor brother or a unmarried sister ora widowed sister if a minor
  - (e) a widowed daughter-in-law,
  - (f) a minor child of a pre-deceased son,
  - (g) a minor child of a pre-deceased daughterwhere no parent of the child is alive, or
  - (h) a paternal grandparent if no parent of the workman is alive;]
- (e) "employer" includes any body of persons whether incorporated or not and any managing agent of an employer and the legal representative of a deceased employer, and, when the services of workman aretemporarily lent or let on hire to another person bythe person with whom the workman has entered into acontract of service or apprenticeship means such other person while the workman is working for him;
- (f) "managing agent" means any person appointed or acting as the representative of another person for the purpose of carrying on such other person's trade or business, butdoes not include an individual manager subordinate to an employer 1\*;
- 2\*[(ff) "minor" means a person who has not attained the ageof 18 years;]
- (g) "partial disablement" means, where the disablement is of a temporarp nature, such disablement as reduces theearning capacity of a workman in any employment in which he was engaged at the time of the accidentresulting in
- In the application of the Act to Bengal, a new clause (ff) has been ins. here by the Workmen's Compensation (Bengal Amendment)Act, 1942 (Ben. 6 of 1942), s. 3.
- 2. Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).

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- the disablement, and, where the disablement is of a permanent nature, such disablement as reduces his earning capacity in every employment which he was capable of undertaking at that time: provided that every injury specified 1\*[in Part II of Schedule I]shall be deemed to result in permanent partial disablement;
- (h) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under thisAct;
- (i) "qualified medical practitioner" means any person registered 2\*\*\* under any 3\*[Central Act, Provincial Act or an Act of the Legislature of a 4\*[State]] providing for the maintenance of a register of medicalpractitioners, or, in any area where no such last-mentioned Act is in force, any person declared by the State Government, by notification in the Official



Gazette, to be a qualified medical practitioner for thepurposes of this Act;

5\* \* \* \* \*

- (k) "seaman" means any person forming part of the crew of any 6\*\*\* ship, but does not include the master of 7\*[the] ship;
- (1) "total disablement" means such disablement, whether of atemporary or permanent nature, as incapacitates a workman for all work which he was capable of performingat the time of the accident resulting in suchdisablement:
- 8\*[Provided that permanent total disablement shall be deemed to result from every injury specified in Part I ofSchedule I or from any combination of injuriesspecified in Part II thereof where the aggregatepercentage of the loss of earning capacity, as specified in the said Part II against those injuries, amounts to one hundred per cent or more:]
- (m) "wages" includes any privilege or benefit which is capable of being estimated in money, other than atravelling allowance
- 1. Subs. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 2, for "in Schedule I" (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).
- 2. The words "under the Medical Act, 1858, or any Act amending thesame, or" omitted by Act 8 of 1959, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- Subs. by the A. O. 1950, for "Act of the Central Legislature orof any Legislature in a Province of India".
- 4. Subs. by the Adaptation of Laws (No. 3) Order, 1956, for "Part AState or Part B State".
- 5. Cl. (j) rep. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 2.
- 6. The word "registered" omitted by s. 2, ibid.
- 7. Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "any such".
- 8. Subs. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 2, for the proviso (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).

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or the value of any travelling concession or acontribution paid by the employer of a workman towardsany pension or provident fund or a sum paid to aworkman to cover any special expenses entailed on himby the nature of his employment;

- (n) "workman" means any person (other than a person whoseemployment is of a casual nature and who is employed otherwise than for the purposes of the employer's tradeor business) who is--
  - (i) a railway servant as defined in section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890), not permanently employed in any administrative, district or subdivisional office of a railway and not employed in any such capacity as is specified in Schedule II, or
  - (ii) employed 1\*\*\*  $2^{***}\,$  in any such capacity as is specified in Schedule II.

whether the contract of employment was made before orafter the passing of this Act and whether such contractis expressed or implied, oral or in writing; but does not include any person working in the capacity of amember of 3\*[the Armed Forces of the Union] 4\*\*\*; and any reference to a workman who has been injuredshall, where the workman is dead, include a reference to his dependants or any of them.

(2) The exercise and performance of the powers and duties of alocal authority or of any department 5\*[acting on behalf of the Government] shall, for the purposes of this Act, unless a contrary intention appears, be deemed to be the trade or business of such authority or department.



6\*[(3) The 7\*[State Government], after giving, by notification 8\*in the Official Gazette, not less than three months' notice of its intention

- 1. The word " either by way of manual labour or" rep. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 2.
- 2. Omitted by Act 22 of 1984, s. 2 (w.e.f 1-7-1984).
- 3. Subs. by the A. O. 1950, for "His Majesty's naval, military orair forces".
- 4. The words "or of the Royal Indian Marine Service" rep. by the A. O. 1937.
- 5. Subs., ibid., for "of the Government".
- 6. Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 2, for the original sub-section.
- 7. Subs. by the A. O. 1937, for "G. G. in C".
- 8. For such a notification, see Gazette

of India, 1935. Pt. I.p. 745.

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so to do, may, by a like notification, add to Schedule II any class ofpersons employed in any occupation which it is satisfied is a hazardous occupation, and the provisions of this Act shall thereupon apply 1\*[within the State] to such classes of persons:

Provided that in making such addition the  $2*[State\ Government]may$  direct that the provisions of this Act shall apply to such classes of persons in respect of specified injuries only.]

CHAP

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

#### CHAPTER II

#### WORKMEN'S

#### COMPENSATION

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Employer's liability for compensation.

3. Employer's liability for compensation.- (1) If personal injury is caused to a workman by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, his employer shall be liable to pay compensation inaccordance with the provisions of this Chapter:

Provided that the employer shall not be so liable--

- (a) in respect of any injury which does not result in the total or partial disablement of the workman for aperiod exceeding 3\*[three] days;
- (b) in respect of any 4\*[injury, not resulting in death, caused by] an accident which is directly attributableto--
  - $(\mbox{i}\,)$  the workman having been at the time thereofunder the influence of drink or drugs, or
  - (ii) the wilful disobedience of the workman to anorder expressly given, or to a rule expressly framed, for the purpose of securing the safety of workmen, or
  - (iii) the wilful removal or disregard by the workman of any safety guard or other device which heknew to have been provided for the purpose of securing the safety of workmen. 5\*\*\*\*

 $6*[(2) ext{ If } a ext{ workman employed in any employment specified in Part A of Schedule III contracts any disease specified therein as an$ 

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occupational disease peculiar to that employment, or if a workman, whilst in the service of an employer in whose service he has been

- Ins. by the A. O. 1937.
- 2. Subs., ibid., for "G. G. in C.".
- 3. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 3, for "seven" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 4. Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 3, for "injury to a workman resultingfrom".
- 5. The word "or" and cl. (c) rep. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 2.
- 6. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 3, for sub-sections (2) and (3)(w.e.f. 1-6-1959).

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employed for a continuous period of not less than six months (whichperiod shall not include a period of service under any other employer in the same kind of employment) in any employment specified in Part B of Schedule III, contracts any disease specified therein as an occupational disease peculiar to that employment, or if a workmanwhilst in the service of one or more employers in any employmentspecified in Part C of Schedule III for such continuous period as the Central Government may specify in respect of each such employment, contracts any disease specified therein as an occupational disease peculiar to that employment, the contracting of the disease shall be deemed to be an injury by accident within the meaning of this sectionand, unless the contrary is proved, the accident shall be deemed tohave arisen out of, and in the course of, the employment:

1\*[Provided that if it is proved,--

- (a) that a workman whilst in the service of one or more employers in any employment specified in Part C of Schedule III has contracted a disease specified therein as an occupational disease peculiar to that employment during a continuous period which is less than the period specified under this sub-section for that employment, and
- (b) that the disease has arisen out of and in the course of the employment;

the contracting of such disease shall be deemed to be an injury by accident within the meaning of this section:

Provided further that if it is proved that a workman who having served under any employer in any employment specified in Part B of Schedule III or who having served under one or more employers in any employment specified in Part C of that Schedule, for a continuous period specified under this subsection for that employment and he has after the cessation of such service contracted any disease specified in the said Part B or the said Part C, as the case may be, as anoccupational disease peculiar to the employment and that such diseasearose out of the employment, the contracting of the disease shall be deemed to be an injury by accident within the meaning of thissection.]

3\*[(2A) If a workman employed in any employment specified in PartC of Schedule III contracts any occupational disease peculiar to thatemployment, the contracting whereof is deemed to be an injury byaccident within the meaning of this section, and such employment

- 1. Ins. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 3 (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).
- 2. Subs. by s. 3, ibid., for sub-section (2A) (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).

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was under more than one employer, all such employers shall be liable for the payment of the compensation in such proportion as the Commissioner may, in the circumstances, deem just.]

(3) The State Government in the case of employments specified in Part A and Part B of Schedule III, and the Central Government in the case of employments specified in Part C of that Schedule, aftergiving, by notification in the Official Gazette, not less than three months' notice of its intention so to do, may, by a like notification, add any description of employment to the employments specified in



Schedule III, and shall specify in the case of employments so—addedthe diseases which shall be deemed for the purposes of this section tobe occupational diseases peculiar to those employments respectively, and thereupon the provisions of sub-section (2) shall apply 1\*\*\* as if such diseases had been declared by this Act—to be occupational diseases peculiar to those employments.]

- (4) Save as provided by 2\*[sub-sections (2), (2A)] and (3), nocompensation shall be payable to a workman in respect of any diseaseunless the disease is 3\*\*\* directly attributable to a specific injuryby accident arising out of and in the course of his employment.
- (5) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to confer any right to compensation on a workman in respect of any injury if he hasinstituted in a Civil Court a suit for damages in respect of the injury against the employer or any other person; and no suit for damages shall be maintainable by a workman in any Court of law inrespect of any injury--
  - (a) if he has instituted a claim to compensation in respect of the injury before a Commissioner; or
  - (b) if an agreement has been come to between the workman andhis employer providing for the payment of compensation in respect of the injury in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

4.

Amount of compensation.

4\*[4. Amount of compensation.- (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the amount of compensation shall be as follows, namely:--

(a) where death results injury

an amount equal to forty perfrom the cent. of the monthly wages of the deceased workman multiplied by the relevant factor;

or

an amount of twenty thousandrupees,

whichever is more;

(b) Where permanent total results from the injury

an amount equal to fifty perdisablement cent. of the monthly wages of the injured workmanmultiplied by the

relevantfactor;

or

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an amount of twenty-four thousand rupees,

whichever is more;

Explanation I.--For the purposes of clause (a) and clause (b), "relevant factor", in relation to a workman means the factor specified in the second column of Schedule IV against the entry in the first column of that Schedule specifying the number of years which are the same as the completed years of the age of the workman on his last birthday immediately preceding the date on which the compensation fell due;

Explanation II.--Where the monthly wages of a workman exceed one thousand rupees, his monthly wages for the purposes of clause (a) and clause (b) shall be deemed to be one thousand rupees only,

(c) Where parmanent partial disablement results from I, such

(i) in the case of an injury specified in Part II of Schedulethe injury percentage of the compensation which would have

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been payable in the case of permanent total disablement as is specified therein as being the percentage of the loss of earning capacity caused by thatinjury, and

(ii) in the case of an injury notpecified in Schedule I, such percentage of the compensation payable in the case of permanent total disablement as is propor-tionate to the loss of earning capacity (as assessed by the qualified medical practitioner) permanently caused by the inj-ury;

Explanation I.--Where more injuries than one are caused by the same accident, the amount of compensation payable under this head shall be aggregated but not so in any case as to exceed the amountwhich would have been payable if permanent total disablement hadresulted from the injuries;

Explanation II.—In assessing the loss of earning capacity forthe purposes of sub-clause (ii), the qualified medical practitionershall have due regard to the percentages of loss of earning capacity in relation to different injuries specified in Schedule I;

(d) Where temporary disabletotal or partial result from the a half-monthly payment of thement, whether sum equivalent to twenty-five per cent. of monthly wages ofinjury the workman, to be paid in accor-dance with the provisions of subsection 2.

- (2) The half-monthly payment referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (1) shall be payable on the sixteenth day--
  - (i) from the date of disablement where such disablement lasts for a period of twenty-eight days or more, or
  - (ii) after the expiry of a waiting period of three days from the date of disablement where such disablement lasts for a period of less than twenty-eight days; and thereafter half-monthlyduring the disablement or during a period of five years, whichever period is shorter:

### Provided that--

- (a) there shall be deducted from any lump sum or half-monthly payments to which the workman is entitled the amount of any payment or allowance which the workman has received from theemployer by way of compensation during the period of disablementprior to the receipt of such lump sum or of the first half-monthly payment, as the case may be; and
- (b) no half-monthly payment shall in any case exceed theamount, if any, by which half the amount of the monthly wages of the workman before the accident exceeds half the amount of suchwages which he is earning after the accident.

Explanation.--Any payment or allowance which the workman has received from the employer towards his medical treatment shall not bedeemed to be a payment or allowance received by him by way of compensation within the meaning of clause (a) of the proviso.

- (3) On the ceasing of the disablement before the date on which any half-monthly payment falls due, there shall be payable in respectof that half-month a sum proportionate to the duration of the disablement in that half-month.]
- 1. Certain words omitted by Act 51 of 1970, s. 2 and Sch. (w.e.f. 1-9-1971).
- 2. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 3, for "sub-sections (2)" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 3. The words "solely and" rep. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 3.



4. Subs. by Act 22 of 1984, s. 3 (w.e.f. 1-7-1984).

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4A.

Compensation to be paid when due and penalty for default.

1\*[4A. Compensation to be paid when due and penalty for default.-

- (1) Compensation under section 4 shall be paid as soon as it fallsdue.
- (2) In cases where the employer does not accept the liability for compensation to the extent claimed, he shall be bound to makeprovisional payment based on the extent of liability which he accepts, and, such payment shall be deposited with the Commissioner or made to the workman, as the case may be, without prejudice to the right of theworkman to make any further claim.
- (3) Where any employer is in default in paying the compensationdue under this Act within one month from the date it fell due, the Commissioner may direct that, in addition to the amount of the arrears, simple interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum on the amount due together with, if in the opinion of the Commissioner there is no justification for the delay, a further sum not exceeding fiftyper cent. of such amount, shall be recovered from the employer by wayof penalty.]

5.

Method of calculating wages.

- 2\*5. Method of calculating wages.- 3\*[In this Act and for the purposes thereof the expression "monthly wages" means the amount ofwages deemed to be payable for a month's service (whether the wagesare payable by the month or by whatever other period or at piecerates), and calculated] as follows, namely:--
  - (a) where the workman has, during a continuous period of notless than twelve months immediately preceding the accident, been in the service of the employer who is liable to pay compensation, the monthly wages of the workman shall be onetwelfth of the total wages which have fallen due for payment to him by the employer inthe last twelve months of that period;
  - 4\*[(b) where the whole of the continuous period of service immediately preceding the accident during which theworkman was in the service of the employer who is liable to pay the compensation was less than one month,the monthly wages of the workman shall be 5\*\*\* theaverage monthly amount which, during the twelve
- 1. Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 5 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 2. The original s. 5 renumbered as sub-section (1) of that sectionby Act 5 of 1929, s. 3. The brackets and figure "(1)" rep. by Act9 of 1938, s. 4.
- 3. Subs. by Act 13 of 1939, s. 2 (w.e.f. 30-6-1934), for "For thepurposes of this Act the monthly wages of a workman shallbe calaucated" the words in italics subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s.5, for "section 4".
- 4. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 5.
- 5. The words "deemed to be" rep. by Act 13 of 1939, s. 2 (w.e.f. 30-6-1934).

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months immediately preceding the accident, was being earned by a workman employed on the same work by thesame employer, or, if there was no workman so employed,by a workman employed on similar work in the samelocality];



1\*[(c)] 2\*[in other cases [including cases in which it is not possible for want of necessary information to calculate the monthly wages under clause (b)]], the monthly wages shall be thirty times the total wagesearned in respect of the last continuous period ofservice immediately preceding the accident from theemployer who is liable to pay compensation, divided bythe number of days comprising such period.

Explanation.--A period of service shall, for the purposes of 4\*[this 5\*[section]] be deemed to be continuous which has not been interrupted by a period of absence from work exceeding fourteen days.

6\* \* \* \*

6.

Review.

- 6. Review.- (1) Any half-monthly payment payable under this Act, either under an agreement between the parties or under the order of aCommissioner, may be reviewed by the Commissioner, on the application either of the employer or of the workman accompanied by the certificate of a qualified medical practitioner that there has been achange in the condition of the workman or, subject to rules made underthis Act, on application made without such certificate.
- (2) Any half-monthly payment may, on review under this section, subject to the provisions of this Act, be continued, increased, decreased or ended, or if the accident is found to have resulted inpermanent disablement, be converted to the lump sum to which theworkman is entitled less any amount which he has already received byway of half-monthly payments.

7.

Commutation of half-monthly payments.

- 7. Commutation of half-monthly payments.- Any right to receivehalf-monthly payments may, by agreement between the parties or, if theparties cannot agree and the payments have been continued for not lessthan six months, on the application of either party to the Commissioner be redeemed by the
- 1. The original cl. (b) relettered (c) by Act 15 of 1933, s. 5.
- 2. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 6, for "in other cases" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 3. The proviso rep. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 5.
- 4. Subs. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 3 for "this section".
- 5. Subs. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 4, for "sub-section".
- 6. Sub-section (2) ins. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 3, rep. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 5.

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payment of a lump sum of such amount as may be agreed to by theparties or determined by the Commissioner, as the case may be.

8.

Distribution of compensation.

8. Distribution of compensation.- 1\*[(1) No payment of compensation in respect of a workman whose injury has resulted indeath, and no payment of a lump sum as compensation to a woman or a person under a legal disability, shall be made otherwise than bydeposit with the Commissioner, and no such payment made directly by an



employer shall be deemed to be a payment of compensation:

2\*[Provided that, in the case of a deceased workman, an employermay make to any dependant advances on account of compensation notexceeding an aggregate of one hundred rupees, and so much of suchaggregate as does not exceed the compensation payable to that dependant shall be deducted by the Commissioner from such compensationand repaid to the employer.]

- (2) Any other sum amounting to not less than ten rupees which ispayable as compensation may be deposited with the Commissioner onbehalf of the person entitled thereto.
- (3) The receipt of the Commissioner shall be a sufficient discharge in respect of any compensation deposited with him.]
- (4) On the deposit of any money under sub-section (1) 3\*[as compensation in respect of a deceased workman] the Commissioner 4\*[shall deduct] therefrom the actual cost of the workman's funeralexpenses, to an amount not exceeding 5\*[fifty rupees] and pay the same to the person by whom such expenses were incurred, and shall, if he thinks necessary, cause notice to be published or to be served on eachdependant in such manner as he thinks fit, calling upon the dependants oappear before him on such date as he may fix for determining the distribution of the compensation. If the Commissioner is satisfied after any inquiry which he may deem necessary, that no dependant exists, he shall repay the balance of the money to the employer by whom it was paid. The Commissioner shall, on application by the employer, furnish a statement showing in detail all disbursementsmade.

6\*[(5) Compensation deposited in respect of a deceased workmanshall, subject to any deduction made under sub-section (4), be

- 1. Subs. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 4, for original sub-sections (1) to(3).
- 2. Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 6, for the original proviso.
- 3. Ins. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 4.
- 4. Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 6, for "may deduct".
- 5. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 7, for "twenty-five rupees" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 6. Sub-sections (5) to (7) subs. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 4, for theoriginal sub-section (5).

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apportioned among the dependants of the deceased workman or any ofthem in such proportion as the Commissioner thinks fit, or may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, be allotted to any one dependant.

- (6) Where any compensation deposited with the Commissioner is payable to any person, the Commissioner shall, if the person to whomthe compensation is payable is not a woman or a person under a legaldisability, and may, in other cases, pay the money to the personentitled thereto.
- (7) Where any lump sum deposited with the Commissioner is payableto a woman or a person under a legal disability, such sum may beinvested, applied or otherwise dealt with for the benefit of the woman, or of such person during his disability, in such manner as the Commissioner may direct; and where a half-monthly payment is payableto any person under a legal disability, the Commissioner may, of hisown motion or on an application made to him in this behalf, order thatthe payment be made during the disability to any dependant of theworkman or to any other person, whom the Commissioner thinks bestfitted to provide for the welfare of the workman.]
- 1\*[(8)] Where, on application made to him in this behalf or otherwise, the Commissioner is satisfied that, on account of neglectof children on the part of a parent or on account of the variation of the circumstances of any dependant or for any other sufficient cause, an order of the Commissioner as to the distribution of any sum paid ascompensation or as to the manner in which any sum payable to any such dependant is to be invested, applied or otherwise dealt with, ought tobe varied, the Commissioner may make such orders for the variation of the former order as he thinks just in the circumstances of the case:



Provided that no such order prejudicial to any person shall bemade unless such person has been given an opportunity of showing causewhy the order should not be made, or shall be made in any case inwhich it would involve the repayment by a dependant of any sum alreadypaid to him.

2\*[(9) Where the Commissioner varies any order under sub-section

- (8) by reason of the fact that payment of compensation to any person has been obtained by fraud, impersonation or other improper means, any amount so paid to or on behalf of such person may be recovered in themanner hereinafter provided in section 31.]
- 1. The original sub-section (6) renumbered (8) by Act 5 of 1929,

s. 4.

2. Ins. by s. 4, ibid.

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9.

Compensation not to be assigned, attached or charged.

9. Compensation not to be assigned, attached or charged. Save as provided by this Act, no lump sum or half-monthly payment payable under this Act shall in any way be capable of being assigned or charged or be liable to attachment or pass to any person other than the workman by operation of law, nor shall any claim be set offagainst the same.

10.

Notice and claim.

10. Notice and claim.- (1)  $1*[No \text{ claim for compensation shall be entertained by a Commissioner unless notice of the accident has beengiven in the manner hereinafter provided as soon as practicable afterthe happening thereof and unless the claim is preferred before himwithin <math>2*[two \text{ years}]$  of the occurrence of the accident or, in case ofdeath, within 2\*[two years] from the date of death:]

Provided that, where the accident is the contracting of a disease in respect of which the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 3 areapplicable, the accident shall be deemed to have occurred on the first of the days during which the workman was continuously absent from work in consequence of the disablement caused by the disease:

3\*[Provided further that in case of partial disablement due to the contracting of any such disease and which does not force the workman to absent himself from work, the period of two years shall be counted from the day the workman gives notice of the disablement to his employer:

Provided further that if a workman who, having been employed in an employment for a continuous period, specified under sub-section (2)of section 3 in respect of that employment, ceases to be so employed and develops symptoms of an occupational disease peculiar to that employment within two years of the cessation of employment, the accident shall be deemed to have occurred on the day on which the the the theorem were first detected:

- (a) if the claim is 6\*[preferred] in respect of the death of a workman resulting from an accident which occurred on the premises of the employer, or at any place where the workman at the time of the accident was working under
- 1. Subs. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 5, for the original words.
- 2. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 8, for "one year" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).



- 3. Ins. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 5 (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).
- 4. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 7.
- 5. Subs. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 5, for "maintenance of proceedings".
- 6. Subs. by s. 5, ibid., for "made".

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the control of the employer or of any person employedby him, and the workman died on such premises or at such place, or on any premises belonging to the employer, or died without having left the vicinity of the premises or place where the accident occurred, or

(b) if the employer 1\*[or any one of several employers or any person responsible to the employer for themanagement of any branch of the trade or business inwhich the injured workman was employed] had knowledge of the accident from any other source at or about the time when it occurred:

Provided further, that the Commissioner may 2\*[entertain] anddecide any claim to compensation in any case notwithstanding that thenotice has not been given, or the claim has not been 3\*[preferred], in due time as provided in this sub-section, if he is satisfied that the failure so to give the notice or 4\*[prefer] the claim, as the case maybe, was due to sufficient cause.

- (2) Every such notice shall give the name and address of the person injured and shall state in ordinary language the cause of the injury and the date on which the accident happened, and shall be served on the employer or upon  $5*[any\ one\ of]$  several employers, orupon any person 6\*\*\* responsible to the employer for the management of any branch of the trade or business in which the injured workmanwas employed.
- 7\*[(3) The State Government may require that any prescribed classof employers shall maintain at their premises at which workmen are employed a notice-book, in the prescribed form, which shall be readily accessible at all reasonable times to any injured workman employed on the premises and to any person acting bona fide on his behalf.
- (4) A notice under this section may be served by delivering it at, or sending it by registered post addressed to, the residence or any office or place of business of the person on whom it is to be served, or, where a notice-book is maintained, by entry in the notice-book.]
- 1. Ins. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 5.
- 2. Subs. by s 5, ibid., for "admit".
- 3. Subs. by s. 5, ibid., for "instituted".
- 4. Subs. by s. 5, ibid., for "institute".
- 5. Subs. by Act 7 of 1924, s. 2 and Sch. I, for "any one or".
- 6. The word "directly" rep. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 5.
- 7. Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 7, for the original sub-section (3).

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10A.

Power to require from employers statements regarding fatal accidents.

1\*[10A. Power to require from employers statements regarding fatal accidents.- (1) Where a Commissioner receives information from any source that a workman has died as a result of an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, he may send by registered post a notice to the workman's employer requiring him to submit, within thirty days of the service of the notice, a statement, in the prescribed form, giving the circumstances attending the death of the workman, and indicating whether, in the opinion of the employer, he isor is not liable to deposit compensation on account of the death.

(2) If the employer is of opinion that he is liable to deposit compensation, he shall make the deposit within thirty days of theservice of the notice.



1. Ss. 10A and 10B ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 8.

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- (3) If the employer is of opinion that he is not liable todeposit compensation, he shall in his statement indicate the groundson which he disclaims liability.
- (4) Where the employer has so disclaimed liability, the Commissioner, after such enquiry as he may think fit, may inform any of the dependants of the deceased workman, that it is open to the dependants to prefer a claim for compensation, and may give them such other further information as he may think fit.

10B.

Reports of fatal accidents and serious bodily injuries.

10B. Reports of fatal accidents and serious bodily injuries.- (1)Where, by any law for the time being in force, notice is required to be given to any authority, by or on behalf of an employer, of any accident occurring on his premises which results in death 1\*[or serious bodily injury], the person required to give the notice shall, within seven days of the death 1\*[or serious bodily injury], send are port to the Commissioner giving the circumstances attending the death 1\*[or serious bodily injury]:

Provided that where the State Government has so prescribed the person required to give the notice may instead of sending such report to the Commissioner send it to the authority to whom he is required to give the notice.

- 1\*[Explanation.--"Serious bodily injury" means an injury whichinvolves, or in all probability will involve the permanent loss of theuse of, or permanent injury to, any limb, or the permanent loss of or injury to the sight or hearing, or the fracture of any limb, or theenforced absence of the injured person from work for a periodexceeding twenty days.]
- (2) The State Government may, by notification in the OfficialGazette, extend the provisions of sub-section (1) to any class ofpremises other than those coming within the scope of that sub-section, and may, by such notification, specify the persons who shall send thereport to the Commissioner.
- 1\*[(3) Nothing in this section shall apply to factories to which the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, (34 of 1948.) applies.]]

11.

Medical examination.

- 11. Medical examination.- (1) Where a workman has given notice of an accident, he shall, if the employer, before the expiry of threedays from the time at which service of the notice has been effected, offers to have him examined free of charge by a qualified medical practitioner, submit himself for such examination, and any workman whois in receipt of a half-monthly payment under this Act shall, if so required, submit himself for such examination from time to time:
- 1. Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 9 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).

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Provided that a workman shall not be required to submit himself for examination by a medical practitioner otherwise than in accordance with rules made under this Act, or at more frequent intervals than maybe prescribed.

(2) If a workman, on being required to do so by the employerunder sub-section (1) or by the Commissioner at any time, refuses to



submit himself for examination by a qualified medical practitioner orin any way obstructs the same, his right to compensation shall besuspended during the continuance of such refusal or obstructionunless, in the case of refusal, he was prevented by any sufficientcause from so submitting himself.

- (3) If a workman, before the expiry of the period within which heis liable under sub-section (1) to be required to submit himself for medical examination, voluntarily leaves without having been so examined the vicinity of the place in which he was employed, his right to compensation shall be suspended until he returns and offers himselffor such examination.
- (4) Where a workman, whose right to compensation has been suspended under sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), dies withouthaving submitted himself for medical examination as required by either of those sub-sections, the Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, direct payment of compensation to the dependants of the deceased workman.
- (5) Where under sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) a right tocompensation is suspended, no compensation shall be payable in respect of the period of suspension, and, if the period of suspension commences before the expiry of the waiting period referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 4, the waiting period shall be increased by the period during which the suspension continues.
- (6) Where an injured workman has refused to be attended by aqualified medical practitioner whose services have been offered to himby the employer free of charge or having accepted such offer hasdeliberately disregarded the instructions of such medical practitioner, then, 1\*[if it is proved that the workman has notthereafter been regularly attended by a qualified medical practitioneror having been so attended has deliberately failed to follow his instructions and that such refusal, disregard or failure was unreasonable] in the circumstances of the case and that the injury hasbeen aggravated thereby, the injury and resulting disablement shall bedeemed to be of the same nature and duration as they might reasonably have
- 1. Subs. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 6, for the original words.

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been expected to be if the workman had been regularly attended by a qualified medical practitioner 1\*[whose instructions he had followed],and compensation, if any, shall be payable accordingly.

12.

#### Contracting.

- 12. Contracting.- (1) Where any person (hereinafter in thissection referred to as the principal) in the course of or for thepurposes of his trade or business contracts with any other person(hereinafter in this section referred to as the contractor) for theexecution by or under the contractor of the whole or any part of anywork which is ordinarily part of the trade or business of theprincipal, the principal shall be liable to pay to any workmanemployed in the execution of the work any compensation which he would have been liable to pay if that workman had been immediately employed by him; and where compensation is claimed from the principal, this Actshall apply as if references to the principal were substituted forreferences to the employer except that the amount of compensationshall be calculated with reference to the wages of the workman underthe employer by whom he is immediately employed.
- (2) Where the principal is liable to pay compensation under thissection, he shall be entitled to be indemnified by the contractor,2\*[or any other person from whom the workman could have recovered compensation and where a contractor who is himself a principal is liable to pay compensation or to indemnify a principal under thissection he shall be entitled to be indemnified by any person standingto him in the relation of a contractor from whom the workman couldhave recovered compensation,] and all questions as to the right to and



the amount of any such indemnity shall, in default of agreement, besettled by the Commissioner.

- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a workman from recovering compensation from the contractor instead of the principal.
- (4) This section shall not apply in any case where the accidentoccurred elsewhere than on, in or about the premises on which theprincipal has undertaken or usually undertakes, as the case may be, to execute the work or which are otherwise under his control ormanagement.

13.

Remedies of employer against stranger.

- 13. Remedies of employer against stranger.- Where a workman has recovered compensation in respect of any injury caused undercircumstances creating a legal liability of some person other than theperson by whom the compensation was
- 1. Ins. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 6.
- 2. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 9.

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paid to pay damages in respect thereof, the person by whom the compensation was paid and any person who has been called on to pay an indemnity under section 12 shall be entitled to be indemnified by the person so liable to pay damages as aforesaid.

14.

Insolvency of employer.

- 14. Insolvency of employer.- (1) Where any employer has entered into a contract with any insurers in respect of any liability under this Act to any workman, then in the event of the employer becoming insolvent or making a composition or scheme of arrangement with his creditors or, if the employer is a company, in the event of the company having commenced to be wound up, the rights of the employeragainst the insurers as respects that liability shall, notwithstanding anything in any law for the time being in force relating to insolvencyor the winding up of companies, be transferred to and vest in theworkman, and upon any such transfer the insurers shall have the samerights and remedies and be subject to the same liabilities as if they were the employer, so, however, that the insurers shall not be underany greater liability to the workman than they would have been underto the employer.
- (2) If the liability of the insurers to the workman is less than the liability of the employer to the workman, the workman may prove for the balance in the insolvency proceedings or liquidation.
- (3) Where in any case such as is referred to in sub-section (1)the contract of the employer with the insurers is void or voidable byreason of non-compliance on the part of the employer with any terms or conditions of the contract (other than a stipulation for the payment of premia), the provisions of that sub-section shall apply as if the contract were not void or voidable, and the insurers shall be entitled to prove in the insolvency proceedings or liquidation for the amount paid to the workman:

Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall not applyin any case in which the workman fails to give notice to the insurersof the happening of the accident and of any resulting disablement as soon as practicable after he becomes aware of the institution of theinsolvency or liquidation proceedings.

(4) There shall be deemed to be included among the debts which under section 49 of the Presidency-towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (3 of



1909), or under section 61 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (5 of 1920), or under section 230 of the 1\*Indian Companies Act, 1913 (7of 1913), are in the distribution of the property of an insolvent orin the distribution of the assets

See now the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956).

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of a company being wound up to be paid in priority to all other debts, the amount due in respect of any compensation the liability where foraccrued before the date of the order of adjudication of the insolvent or the date of the commencement of the winding up, as the case may be, and those Acts shall have effect accordingly.

- (5) Where the compensation is a half-monthly payment, the amountdue in respect thereof shall, for the purposes of this section, betaken to be the amount of the lump sum for which the half-monthly payment could, if redeemable, be redeemed if application were made forthat purpose under section 7, and a certificate of the Commissioner asto the amount of such sum shall be conclusive proof thereof.
- (6) The provisions of sub-section (4) shall apply in the case of any amount for which an insurer is entitled to prove under sub-section (3), but otherwise those provisions shall not apply where the insolvent or the company being wound up has entered into such acontract with insurers as is referred to in sub-section (1).
- (7) This section shall not apply where a company is wound up voluntarily merely for the purposes of reconstruction or ofamalgamation with another company.

14A.

Compensation to be first charge on assets transferred by employer.

1\*[14A. Compensation to be first charge on assets transferred byemployer.-Where an employer transfers his assets before any amount due in respect of any compensation, the liability wherefor accrued beforethe date of the transfer, has been paid, such amount shall,notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, be a first charge on that part of the assets so transferred as consists of immovable property.]

15.

Special provisions relating to masters and seamen.

15. Special provisions relating to masters and seamen.- This Act shall apply in the case of workmen who are masters of  $2^{**}$  ships

or seamen subject to the following modifications, namely:--

- (1) The notice of the accident and the claim for compensationmay, except where the person injured is the master of the ship, beserved on the master of the ship as if he were the employer, but where the accident happened and the disablement commenced on board the shipit shall not be necessary for any seaman to give any notice of theaccident.
- (2) In the case of the death of a master or seaman, the claim forcompensation shall be made within  $3*[one \ year]$  after the news of
- 1. Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 10 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 2. The word "registered" rep. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 10.
- 3. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 11, for "six months" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).

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the death has been received by the claimant or, where the ship hasbeen or is deemed to have been lost with all hands, within eighteen



months of the date on which the ship was, or is deemed to have been, so lost:

1\*[Provided that the Commissioner may entertain any claim to compensation in any case notwithstanding that the claim has not beenpreferred in due time as provided in this sub-section, if he is satisfied that the failure so to prefer the claim was due tosufficient cause.]

- (3) Where an injured master or seaman is discharged or leftbehind in any part of 2\*[India or] 3\*[in any foreign country] any depositions taken by any Judge or Magistrate in that part or by any Consular Officer in the foreign country and transmitted by the person by whom they are taken to the Central Government or any State Government shall, in any proceedings for enforcing the claim, be admissible in evidence--
  - (a) if the deposition is authenticated by the signature of the Judge, Magistrate or Consular Officer before whomit is made;
  - (b) if the defendant or the person accused, as the case maybe, had an opportunity by himself or his agent tocrossexamine the witness; and
  - (c) if the deposition was made in the course of a criminal proceeding, on proof that the deposition was made in the presence of the person accused;

and it shall not be necessary in any case to prove the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed any suchdeposition and a certificate by such person that the defendant or the person accused had an opportunity of cross-examining the witness and that the deposition if made in a criminal proceeding was made in the presence of the person accused shall, unless the contrary is proved, be sufficient evidence that he had that opportunity and that it was somade.

4\*[(4) No 5\*[half-monthly payment] shall be payable in respect of the period during which the owner of the ship is, under any law

- 1. Added by Act 8 of 1959, s. 11 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- Ins. by the A. O. 1950.
- 3. Subs. by Act 22 of 1984, s. 4. (w.e.f. 1-7-1984)
- 4. The original cl. (4) rep., and the original cl. (5) renumbered (4) by Act 9 of 1938, s. 7.
- 5. Subs. by Act 7 of 1924, s. 2 and Sch. I, for "monthly payment".

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in force for the time being 1\*\*\* relating to merchant shipping, liableto defray the expenses of maintenance of the injured master or seaman.

- 2\*[(5) No compensation shall be payable under this Act in respect of any injury in respect of which provision is made for payment of agratuity, allowance or pension under the War Pensions and Detention Allowances (Mercantile Marine, etc.) Scheme, 1939, or the War Pensions and Detention Allowances (Indian Seamen, etc.) Scheme, 1941, madeunder the Pensions (Navy, Army, Air Force and Mercantile Marine) Act, 1939 (2 and 3 Geo. 6, c. 83), or under the War Pensions and Detention Allowances (Indian Seamen) Scheme 1942, made by the CentralGovernment.
- (6) Failure to give a notice or make a claim or commenceproceedings within the time required by this Act shall not be a bar tothe maintenance of proceedings under this Act in respect of anypersonal injury, if--
  - (a) an application has been made for payment in respect ofthat injury under any of the schemes referred to in thepreceding clause, and
  - (b) the State Government certifies that the said application was made in the reasonable belief that the injury was



one in respect of which the scheme under which theapplication was made makes provision for payments, and that the application was rejected or that payments made in pursuance of the application were discontinued on the ground that the injury was not such an injury, and

(c) the proceedings under this Act are commenced within onemonth from the date on which the said certificate of the State Government was furnished to the person commencing the proceedings.]

16.

Returns as to compensation.

- 16. Returns as to compensation.- The 3\*[State Government] may, bynotification in the Official Gazette, direct that every personemploying workmen, or that any specified class of such persons, shall send at such time and in such form and to such authority, as may be specified in the notification, a correct return specifying the number of injuries in respect of which
- 1. The words "in Part A States and Part C States" omitted by Act 3of 1951, s. 3, and Sch.
- 2. Subs. by Act 1 of 1942, s. 2 (w.e.f. 3-9-1939), for the formercl. which had been ins. by Act 42 of 1939, s. 2 with effect from the same date.
- 3. Subs. by the A. O. 1937 for "G. G. in C.".

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compensation has been paid by the employer during the previous year and the amount of such compensation together with such other particulars as to the compensation as the 1\*[State Government] may direct.

17.

Contracting out.

17. Contracting out.- Any contract or agreement whether made before or after the commencement of this Act, whereby a workman relinquishes any right of compensation from the employer for personalinjury arising out of or in the course of the employment, shall benull and void in so far as it purports to remove or reduce theliability of any person to pay compensation under this Act.

18.

[Repealed.]

18. [Proof of age.]- Rep. by the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Act, 1959 (8 of 1959), s. 12 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).

18A.

Penalties.

2\*[18A. Penalties.- (1) Whoever--

- (a) fails to maintain a notice-book which he is required tomaintain under sub-section (3) of section 10, or
- (b) fails to send to the Commissioner a statement which heis required to send under sub-section (1) of section 10A, or

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(c) fails to send a report which he is required to send



under section 10B, or

(d) fails to make a return which he is required to makeunder section 16,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to 3\*[five hundred]rupees.

(2) No prosecution under this section shall be instituted exceptby or with the previous sanction of a Commissioner, and no Court shalltake cognizance of any offence under this section, unless complaint thereof is made 4\*[within six months of the date on which the allegedcommission of the offence came to the knowledge of the Commissioner].]

CHAP

COMMISSIONER

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CHAPTER III

COMMISSIONER

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19.19.

Reference to Commissioners.

19. Reference to Commissioners.-(1) If any question arises in anyproceedings under this Act as to the liability of any person to paycompensation (including any

S. 18A

1. Subs. by the A. O. 1937 for "G. G. in C.".2.

ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 11.

- 3. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 13, for "one hundred" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 4. Subs. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 6, for certain words (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).

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question as to whether a person injured is or is not a workman) or as to the amount or duration of compensation (including any question as to the nature or extent of disablement), the question shall, in default of agreement, be settled by 1\*[a Commissioner].

(2) No Civil Court shall have jurisdiction to settle, decide ordeal with any question which is by or under this Act required to besettled, decided or dealt with by a Commissioner or to enforce anyliability incurred under this Act.

20.

Appointment of Commissioners.

- 20. Appointment of Commissioners.-(1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint any person to be aCommissioner for Workmen's Compensation for such  $2^{***}$  area as may be specified in the notification.
- 3\*[(2) Where more than one Commissioner has been appointed for any 2\*\*\* area, the State Government may, by general or special order, regulate the distribution of business between them.]
- 3\*[(3)] Any Commissioner may, for the purpose of deciding any matter referred to him for decision under this Act, choose one or more persons possessing special knowledge of any matter relevant to thematter under inquiry to assist him in holding the inquiry.

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3\*[(4)] Every Commissioner shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860)



21.

Venue of procedings and transfer.

21. Venue of procedings and transfer.- (1) Where any matter isunder this Act to be done by or before a Commissioner, the same shall, subject to the provisions of this Act and to any rules made hereunder, be done by or before  $4*[a\ Commissioner]$  for the 2\*\*\* area in which the accident took place which resulted in the injury:

Provided that, where the workman is the master of a 5\*\*\* ship or a seaman, any such matter may be done by or before 4\*[a Commissioner] for the 2\* area in which the owner or agent of the ship resides orcarries on business.

- (2) If a Commissioner is satisfied 6\*[that any matter arising out of any proceedings pending before him] can be more conveniently dealtwith by any other Commissioner, whether in the same State
- Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 12, for "the Commissioner".
- 2. The word "local" omitted by Act 64 of 1962, s. 7 (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).
- 3. Sub-section (2) ins., and the original sub-sections (2) and (3)renumbered (3) and (4) by Act 15 of 1933, s. 13.
- 4. Subs. by s. 14, ibid., for "the Commissioner".
- 5. The word "registered" omitted by s. 14, ibid.
- Subs. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 9, for "by any party to anyproceedings under this Act pending before him that such matter".

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or not, he may subject to rules made under this Act, order such matter to be transferred to such other Commissioner either for report or fordisposal, and, if he does so, shall forthwith transmit to such other Commissioner all documents relevant for the decision of such matterand, where the matter is transferred for disposal, shall also transmitin the prescribed manner any money remaining in his hands or investedby him for the benefit of any party to the proceedings:

1\*[Provided that the Commissioner shall not, where any party tothe proceedings has appeared before him, make any order of transfer relating to the distribution among dependants of a lump sum withoutgiving such party an opportunity of being heard:]

Provided 1\*[further] that no matter other than a matter relating to the actual payment to a workman or the distribution among dependants of a lump sum shall be transferred for disposal under this sub-section to a Commissioner in the same State save with the previous sanction of the State Government or to a Commissioner in another State save with the previous sanction of 2\*[the State Government of that State], unless all the parties to the proceedings agree to the transfer.

- (3) The commissioner to whom any matter is so transferred shall, subject to rules made under this Act, inquire thereinto and, if thematter was transferred for report, return his report thereon or, if the matter was transferred for disposal, continue the proceedings as if they had originally commenced before him
- (4) On receipt of a report from a Commissioner to whom any matterhas been transferred for report under sub-section (2), the Commissioner by whom it was referred shall decide the matter referred in conformity with such report.
- 3\*[(5) The State Government may transfer any matter from anyCommissioner appointed by it to any other commissioner appointed byit.]

22.

Form of application.



- 22. Form of application.-(1) No application for the settlement of any matter by a Commissioner, 4\*[other than an application by adependant or dependants for compensation] shall be made unless and until some question has arisen between the parties in connectiontherewith which they have been unable to settle by agreement.
- 1. Ins. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 9.
- 2. Subs. by the A. O. 1937, for "the G. G. in C.".3. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 14.
- 4. Ins. by s. 15, ibid.

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- (2) 1\*[An application to a Commissioner] may be made in such formand shall be accompanied by such fee, if any, as may be prescribed, and shall contain, in addition to any particulars which may be prescribed, the following particulars, namely:--
  - (a) a concise statement of the circumstances in which theapplication is made and the relief or order which theapplicant claims;
  - (b) in the case of a claim for compensation against anemployer, the date of service of notice of the accidenton the employer and, if such notice has not been served or has not been served in due time, the reason for suchomission:
  - (c) the names and addresses of the parties; and
  - (d) 2\*[except in the case of an application by dependants for compensation] a concise statement of the matters on which agreement has and 3\*[of] those on which agreementhas not been come to.
- (3) If the applicant is illiterate or for any other reason is unable to furnish the required information in writing, the applicationshall, if the applicant so desires, be prepared under the direction of the Commissioner.

22A.

Power of Commissioner to require further deposit in cases of fatalaccident.

- 4\*[22A. Power of Commissioner to require further deposit in cases of fatal accident.-(1) Where any sum has been deposited by an employeras compensation payable in respect of a workman whose injury has resulted in death, and in the opinion of the Commissioner such sum is insufficient, the Commissioner may, by notice in writing stating hisreasons, call upon the employer to show cause why he should not make afurther deposit within such time as may be stated in the notice.
- (2) If the employer fails to show cause to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Commissioner may make an award determining the total amount payable, and requiring the employer to deposit the deficiency.]

23.

Powers and procedure of Commissioners.

- 23. Powers and procedure of Commissioners.- The Commissioner shall have all the powers of a Civil Court under the Code of CivilProcedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), for the purpose of taking evidence onoath (which such Commissioner is hereby empowered
- 1 . Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 15, for "where any such question hasarisen, the application".
- 2. Ins. by s. 15, ibid.
- 3 . Subs. by Act 37 of 1925, s. 2 and Sch. I, for "on" 4. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 16.



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to impose) and of enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compellingthe production of documents and material objects, 1\*[and the Commissioner shall be deemed to be a Civil Court for all the purposes of section 195 and of Chapter XXXV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (5 of 1898)].

24.

Appearance of parties.

2\*[24. Appearance of parties.- Any appearance, application or actrequired to be made or done by any person before or to a Commissioner(other than an appearance of a party which is required for the purpose of his examination as a witness) may be made or done on behalf of such person by a legal practitioner or by an official of an InsuranceCompany or a registered Trade Union or by an Inspector appointed undersub-section (1) of section 8 of the Factories Act, 1948 (63 of 1948)or under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Mines Act, 1952 (35 of 1952), or by any other officer specified by the State Government in this behalf, authorised in writing by such person, or, with the permission of the Commissioner, by any other person so authorised.] 3\*

25.

Method of recording evidence.

25. Method of recording evidence.- The Commissioner shall make abrief memorandum of the substance of the evidence of every witness as the examination of the witness proceeds, and such memorandum shall bewritten and signed by the Commissioner with his own hand and shallform part of the record:

Provided that, if the Commissioner is prevented from making suchmemorandum, he shall record the reason of his inability to do so and shall cause such memorandum to be made in writing from his dictationand shall sign the same, and such memorandum shall form part of therecord:

Provided further that the evidence of any medical witness shallbe taken down as nearly as may be word for word.

26.

Costs.

26. Costs.- All costs, incidental to any proceedings before a Commissioner, shall, subject to rules made under this Act, be in the discretion of the Commissioner.

27.27.

Power to submit cases.

- 27. Power to submit cases.- A Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, submit any question of law for the decision of the High Court and, if he does so, shall decide the question in conformity with such decision.
- 1. Ins. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 5.
- 2. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 14, for the former section (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- In the application of the Act to Bengal, new ss. 24A and 24B havebeen ins here by Ben. Act 6 of 1942, s. 4.

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28.

Registration of agreements.

28. Registration of agreements.- (1) Where the amount of any lump sum payable as compensation has been settled by agreement, whether byway of redemption of a half-monthly payment or otherwise, or where anycompensation has been so settled as being payable 1\*[to a woman or aperson under a legal disability] 2\*\*\* a memorandum thereof shall besent by the employer to the Commissioner, who shall, on being satisf-ied as to its genuineness, record the memorandum in a registerin the prescribed manner:

#### Provided that--

 (a) no such memorandum shall be recorded before seven daysafter communication by the Commissioner of notice tothe parties concerned;

3\* \* \* \*

- (c) the Commissioner may at any time rectify the register;
- (d) where it appears to the Commissioner that an agreementas to the payment of a lump sum whether by way ofredemption of a half-monthly payment or otherwise, oran agreement as to the amount of compensation payable1\*[to a woman or a person under a legal disability]4\*\*\* ought not to be registered by reason of the inade-quacy of the sum or amount, or by reason of the agreem agreement having been obtained by fraud orundue influence or other improper means, he may refuseto record the memorandum of the agreement 5\*[and may make such order] including an order as to any sumalready paid under the agreement, as he thinks just inthe circumstances.
- (2) An agreement for the payment of compensation which has been registered under sub-section (1) shall be enforceable under this Actnotwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Contract Act, 1872(9 of 1872), or in any other law for the time being in force.

29.29.

Effect of failure to register agreement.

- 29. Effect of failure to register agreement.- Where a memorandum of any agreement the registration of which is required by section 28, is not sent to the Commissioner as required by that section, the employer shall be liable to pay the full amount of compensation which he is liable to pay under the provisions of this Act, and not with standing anything contained in
- 1. Subs. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 6, for certain words.
- 2 . The words "or to a dependant" rep. by  $\mbox{Act 7 of 1924, s. 3 andSch. II.}$
- 3. Cl. (b) rep. by Act 5 of 1929, s. 6.
- 4. The words "or to any dependant" rep. by Act 7 of 1924, s. 3 and Sch. II.
- 5. Subs. by Act 7 of 1924, s. 2 and Sch. I, for "or may make suchorder".

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the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 4, shall not, unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be entitled to deduct more than halfof any amount paid to the workmen by way of compensation whether underthe agreement or otherwise.

30.



Appeals.

30 . Appeals.- (1) An appeal shall lie to the High Court from the following orders of a Commissioner, namely:--

> (a) an order awarding as compensation a lump sum whether byway of redemption of a half-monthly payment orotherwise or disallowing a claim in full or in part fora lump sum;

1\*[(aa) an order awarding interest or penalty under section4A;]

- (b) an order refusing to allow redemption of a half-monthlypayment;
- (c) an order providing for the distribution of compensationamong the dependants of a
  deceased workman, ordisallowing any claim of a person alleging himself tobe
  such dependant;
- (d) an order allowing or disallowing any claim for theamount of an indemnity under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 12; or
- (e) an order refusing to register a memorandum of agreementor registering the same or providing for theregistration of the same subject to conditions:

Provided that no appeal shall lie against any order unless asubstantial question of law is involved in the appeal and, in the caseof an order other than an order such as is referred to in clause (b),unless the amount in dispute in the appeal is not less than threehundred rupees:

Provided, further, that no appeal shall lie in any case in whichthe parties have agreed to abide by the decision of the Commissioner, or in which the order of the Commissioner gives effect to an agreementcome to by the parties:

2\*[Provided further that no appeal by an employer under clause
(a) shall lie unless the memorandum of appeal is accompanied by acertificate by the Commissioner to the effect that the appellant hasdeposited with him the amount payable under the order appealedagainst.]

- 1. Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 15 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 2. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 17.

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- (2) The period of limitation for an appeal under this sectionshall be sixty days.
- (3) The provisions of section 5 of the Indian Limitation Act,1908 (9 of 1908), shall be applicable to appeals under this section.

30A.

Withholding of certain payments pending decision of appeal.

1\*[30A. Withholding of certain payments pending decision ofappeal.-Where an employer makes an appeal under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 30, the Commissioner may, and if so directed by the High Court shall, pending the decision of the appeal, withholdpayment of any sum in deposit with him.]

31.31.

Recovery.



31. Recovery.- The Commissioner may recover as an arrear of land-revenue any amount payable by any person under this Act, whether under an agreement for the payment of compensation or otherwise, and the Commissioner shall be deemed to be a public officer within the meaning of section 5 of the Revenue Recovery Act, 1890 (1 of 1890). 2\*

CHAP

**RULE** 

C

#### CHAPTER IV

#### RULES

32.

Power of the State Government to make rules

- 32 . Power of the State Government to make rules.-(1) The  $3\ast[StateGovernment]$  may make rules  $4\ast$  to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of theforegoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of thefollowing matters, namely:--
  - (a) for prescribing the intervals at which and the conditions subject to which an application for reviewmay be made under section 6 when not accompanied by a medical certificate;
  - (b) for prescribing the intervals at which and the conditions subject to which a
    workman may be required to submit himself for medical examination under subsection (1) of section 11;
  - (c) for prescribing the procedure to be followed by Commissioners in the disposal of cases under this Actand by the parties in such cases;
- 1. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 18.
- 2. In the application of the Act to Bengal, a new s. 31A has beenins, here by the Bengal Touts Act, 1942 (Ben. 5 of 1942), s. 12.
- 3. Subs. by the A. O. 1937, for "G. G. in C.".
- 4. For the Workmen's Compensation Rules, 1924, see Gazette of India, 1924, Pt. I, p. 586.

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- (d) for regulating the transfer of matters and cases fromone Commissioner to another and the transfer of moneyin such cases;
- (e) for prescribing the manner in which money in the handsof a Commissioner may be invested for the benefit of dependants of a deceased workman and for the transferof money so invested from one Commissioner to another;
- (f) for the representation in proceedings beforeCommissioners of parties who are minors or are unableto make an appearance;1\*
- (g) for prescribing the form and manner in which memoranda of agreements shall be presented and registered;
- (h) for the withholding by Commissioners, whether in wholeor in part of half-monthly payments pending decision onapplications for review of the same; 2\*\*\*

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2\*[(i) for regulating the scales of costs which may be allowed in proceedings under this Act;



- (j) for prescribing and determining the amount of the fees payable in respect of any proceedings before aCommissioner under this Act;
- (k) for the maintenance by Commissioners of registers and records of proceedings before them;
- for prescribing the classes of employers who shallmaintain notice-books under subsection (3) of section 10, and the form of such notice-books;
- (m) for prescribing the form of statement to be submitted by employers under section 10A; 3\*\*\*
- (n) for prescribing the cases in which the report referred to in section 10B may be sent to an authority other than the Commissioner;
- 4\*[(o) for prescribing abstracts of this Act and requiring the employers to display notices containing suchabstracts;
- (p) for prescribing the manner in which diseases specified as occupational diseases may be diagnosed;
- 1. In the application of the Act of Bengal, new clauses (ff), (ff1)and (ff2) have been ins. here by Ben. Act 6 of 1942, s. 5.
- The word "and" at the end of cl. (h) and the original cl. (i)rep., and the new cls. (i) to (n), which
  were the same as cls.
  - (a) to (f) of s. 33, ins. by the A. O. 1937.
- 3. The word "and" omitted by Act 58 of 1960, s. 3 and Sch. II.4. Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 16 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).

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- (q) for prescribing the manner in which diseases may becertified for any of the purposes of this Act;
- (r) for prescribing the manner in which, and the standardsby which, incapacity may be assessed 1
- 1\*[(3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid, as soonas may be after it is made, before the State Legislature.]

33.

[Repealed.]

33. [Power of Local Government to make rules.] Rep. by the A. O.1937.

34.

Publication of rules.

- 34. Publication of rules.- (1) The power to make rules conferred by 2\*[section 32] shall be subject to the condition of the rules beingmade after previous publication.
- (2) The date to be specified in accordance with clause (3) of section 23 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (10 of 1897), as that after which a draft of rules proposed to be made under section 32 3\*\*\* will be taken into consideration, shall not be less than three months from the date on which the draft of the proposed rules was published for general information.
- (3) Rules so made shall be published in 4\*\*\* the Official Gazette 5\*\*\* and, on such publication, shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.



35**.35**.

Rules to give effect to arrangements with other countries for thetransferof money paid as compensation.

6\*[35. Rules to give effect to arrangements with other countries for the transfer of money paid as compensation.- 7\*[(1)] The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for the transfer 8\*\*\* 9\*[to any foreign country] of money 10\*[depositedwith] a Commissioner under this Act 11\*[which has been awarded to ormay be due to], any person residing or about to reside in 9\*[such foreign country] and for

- 1. Ins. by Act 4 of 1986, s. 2 and Sch. (w.e.f. 15-5-1986).
- 2. Subs. by the A. O. 1937, for "sections 32 and 33".
- 3. The words and figures "or section 33" rep., ibid.
- 4. The words "the Gazette of India or" rep., ibid.
- 5. The words "as the case may be" rep., ibid.6. Ins. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 20.
- 7. The original s. 35 renumbered as sub-section (1) of that sectionby Act 7 of 1937, s. 2.
- The words "to any Part B State or" ins. by the A. O. 1948, omitted by Act 3 of 1951, s. 3 and Sch.
- 9. Subs. by Act 22 of 1984, s. 5 (w.e.f. 1-7-1984).
- 10. Subs. by Act 7 of 1937, s. 2, for "paid to".
- 11. Subs. by 2, ibid., for "for the benefit of".

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the receipt 1\*[distribution] and administration in 2\*[any State] of any money 3\*[deposited] under the law relating to workmen's compensation 4\*\*\* 5\*[in any foreign country],6\*[which has been awarded to, or may be due to] any person residing or about to reside in 2\*[any State]:]

1\*[Provided that no sum deposited under this Act in respect of fatal accidents shall be so transferred without the consent of the employer concerned until the Commissioner receiving the sum has passed orders determining its distribution and apportionment under the provisions of sub-sections (4) and (5) of section 8.

(2) Where money deposited with a Commissioner has been sotransferred in accordance with the rules made under this section, the provisions elsewhere contained in this Act regarding distribution by the Commissioner of compensation deposited with him shall cease to apply in respect of any such money.]

36.

Rules made by Central Government to be laid before Parliament.

7\*[36. Rules made by Central Government to be laid beforeParliament.- Every rule made under this Act by the Central Governmentshall be laid as soon as may be after if is made before each House of Parliament while it is in session for a total period of thirty dayswhich may be comprised in one session or in 8\*[two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of that the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid], both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Housesagree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter haveeffect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case maybe; so however that any such modification or annulment shall bewithout prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.]

- 1. Ins. by Act 7 of 1937, s. 2.
- 2. Subs. by Act 3 of 1951, s. 3 and Sch., for "a Part A State or Part C State".
- 3. Subs. by Act 7 of 1937, s. 2, for "awarded".
- 4. Of the words "in any Part B State or" ins. by the A. O. 1950, first five words were omitted by Act 3 of 1951, s. 3 and Sch., and the word "or" was omitted by Act 36 of 1957, s. 3 and Sch. II.



_	C - 1	1	22 - 61	004	F ( C	1-7-1984).

- 6. Subs. by Act 7 of 1937, s. 2, for "and applicable for the benefitof".

  7. Ins. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 8 (w.e.f. 1-2-1976).
- 8. Subs. by Act 65 of 1976, s. 3, for certain words (w.e.f. 1976).

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# SCHE

See sections 2(1) and (4)

# 1\*[SCHEDULE I

### [See sections 2(1) and (4)]2\*[PART I

#### LIST OF INJURIES DEEMED TO RESULT IN PERMANENT TOTAL DISABLEMENT]

Serial	Description of injury	PercentageNo of loss of earning capacity
1	Loss of both hands or amputation at higher sites	100
2	Loss of a hand and a foot	100
3	Double amputation through leg or thigh, or amputation through leg or thigh on one side and loss of other foot	100
4	Loss of sight to such an extent as to render the claimant unable to perform a eye sight is essential 100	ny work for which
5	Very severe facial disfigurement	100
6	Absolute deafness	100
	3*[PART II	
LI	ST OF INJURIES DEEMED TO RESULT IN PERMANENT PARTIAL DIS	ABLEMENT]

### Amputation cases-upper limbs (either arm)

4*[1]	Amputation through shoulder joint	90
4*[2]	Amputation below shoulder with stump less than 8" fromtip of acromion	80
4*[3]	Amputation from 8" from tip of acromion to less than 4.5" below tip of olecranon	70
4*[4]	Loss of a hand or of the thumb and four fingers of onehand or amputation from 4.5" below tip of olecranon	60
4*[5]	Loss of thumb	30
4*[6]	Loss of thumb and its metacarpal bone	40
4*[7]	Loss of four fingers of one hand	50
<b>4</b> *[8]	Loss of three fingers of one hand	30

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4*[9]	Loss of two fingers of one hand	20
4*[10]	Loss of terminal phalanx of thumb	20
1.	Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 17, for the former Sch. I (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).	



3. 4.

Ins. by s. 9, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-2-1963). Serial Nos. 7 to 54 renumbered as serial Nos. 1 to 48respectively by s. 9, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).

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1\*[27] Whole

### (Schedule I.)

Serial	Description of injury	PercentageNo. of loss of earning capacity
	Amputation cases-lower limbs	
1*[11]	Amputation of both feet resulting in end-bearing stumps	90
1*[12]	Amputation through both feet proximal to the metatarso-phalangeal joint	80
1*[13]	Loss of all toes of both feet through the metatarso-phalangeal joint	40
1*[14]	Loss of all toes of both feet proximal to the proximalinter-phalangeal joint	30
1*[15]	Loss of all toes of both feet distal to the proximalinter-phalangeal joint	20
1*[16]	Amputation at hip	90
1*[17]	Amputation below hip with stump not exceeding 5" inlength measured fron great trenchanter	n tip of 80
1*[18]	Amputation below hip with stump exceeding 5" in lengthmeasured from great trenchanter but not beyondmiddle thigh	tip of 70
1*[19]	Amputation below middle thigh to 3.5" below knee	60
1*[20]	Amputation below knee with stump exceeding 3.5" butnot exceeding 5"	50
1*[21]	Amputation below knee with stump exceeding 5"	40
1*[22]	Amputation of one foot resulting in end-bearing	30
1*[23]	Amputation through one foot proximal to the metatarso-phalangeal joint	30
1*[24]	Loss of all toes of one foot through the metatarso-phalangeal joint	20
	Other injuries	
1*[25]	Loss of one eye, without complications, the otherbeing normal	40
1*[26]	Loss of vision of one eye, without complications or disfigure- ment of eyeball, the other being normal	30
	Loss of	
	AFingers of right or left handIndex finger	

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 1\*[28] Two phalanges
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 1. Serial Nos.
 7 to 54 renumbered as serial Nos. 1 to 48 respectively by Act 64 of 1962, s. 9 (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).



Serial No.	Description of injury	Percentageof loss of earning capacity
1*[29]	One phalanx	9
1*[30]	Guillotine amputation of tip without loss of bone	5
	Middle finger	
1*[31]	Whole	12
1*[32]	Two phalanges	9
1*[33]	One phalanx	7
1*[34]	Guillotine amputation of tip without loss of bone	4
	Ring or little finger	
1*[35]	Whole	7
1*[36]	Two phalanges	6
1*[37]	One phalanx	5
1*[38]	Guillotine amputation of tip without loss of bone	2
	BToes of right or left footGreat toe	
1*[39]	Through metatarso-phalangeal joint	14
1*[40]	Part, with some loss of bone	3
	Any other toe	
1*[41]	Through metatarso-phalangeal joint	3
1*[42]	Part, with some loss of bone	1
	Two toes of one foot, excluding great to e	
1*[43]	Through metatarso-phalangeal joint	5
1*[44]	Part, with some loss of bone	2
	Three toes of one foot, excluding great toe	
1*[45]	Through metatarso-phalangeal joint	6
1*[46]	Part, with some loss of bone	3
	Four toes of one foot, excluding great toe	
1*[47]	Through metatarso-phalangeal joint	9
1*[48]	Part, with some loss of bone	3.]
Schedule	[NOTEComplete and permanent loss of the use of any limb ormember shall be deemed to be theequivalent of the loss of that limb or member.] rial Nos. 7 to 54 renumbered as serial Nos. 1 to 48respectively by	

<sup>1.</sup> Serial Nos. 7 to 54 renumbered as serial Nos. 1 to 48respectively by Act 64 of 1962, s.

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<sup>9 (</sup>w.e.f. 1-2-1963). 2 . Ins. by Act 58 of 1960, s. 3 and Sch. II.



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SCHE



See section 2 (1) (n)

#### SCHEDULE II

[See section 2 (1) (n)]

# LIST OF PERSONS WHO, SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 2 (1) (n),ARE INCLUDED IN THE DEFINITION OF WORKMEN

The following persons are workmen within the meaning of section 2 (1) (n) and subject to the provisions of that section, that is to say, any person who is-

- 1\*[2\*[(i) employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity or on a railway, in connection with the operation ormaintenance of a lift or a vehicle propelled by steamor other mechanical power or by electricity or inconnection with the loading or unloading of any such vehicle; or
- (ii) employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity, in anypremises wherein or within the precincts whereof amanufacturing process as defined in clause (k) ofsection 2 of the Factories Act, 1948 (63 of 1948), isbeing carried on, or in any kind of work whatsoeverincidental to or connected with any such manufacturingprocess or with the article made 3\*[whether or notemployment in any such work is within such premises or precincts], and steam, water or other mechanical power or electrical power is used; or
- (iii) employed for the purpose of making, altering, repairing, ornamenting, finishing or otherwise adaptingfor use, transport or sale any article or part of anarticle in any premises wherein or within the precincts where of twenty or more persons are so employed; 4\*\*\*
- 3\*[Explanation.--For the purposes of this clause, personsemployed outside such premises or precincts but in anywork incidental to, or connected with, the workrelating to making, altering, repairing, ornamenting, finishing or otherwise adapting for use, transport orsale any article or part of an article shall be deemed to be employed within such premises or precincts; or]
- 1. Subs. by Act 15 of 1933, s. 21, for cls. (i) to (xiii).
- 2. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 18, for cls. (i) to (ix) (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 3. Ins. by Act 64 of 1962, s. 10 (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).
- 4. The word "or" omitted by s. 10, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).

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- (iv) employed in the manufacture or handling of explosives in connection with the employer's trade or business; or
- (v) employed, in any mine as defined in clause (j) of section 2 of the Mines Act, 1952 (35 of 1952),in any mining operation or in any kind of work, other than clerical work, incidental to or connected with any mining operation or with the mineral obtained, orin any kind of work whatsoever below ground; or
- (vi) employed as the master or as a seaman of--
  - (a) any ship which is propelled wholly or in part by steam or other mechanical power or by electricity or which is towed or intended to be towed by a ship sopropelled; or
  - (b) any ship not included in sub-clause (a), of twenty-five tons net tonnage or over; or
- (c) any sea-going ship not included in sub-clause
  (a) or sub-clause (b) provided with sufficient area for

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navigation under sails alone; or

- (vii) employed for the purpose of--
  - (a) loading, unloading, fuelling, constructing, repairing, demolishing, cleaning or painting any shipof which he is not the master or a member of the crew, or handling or transport within the limits of any portsubject to the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), ofgoods which have been discharged from or are to beloaded into any vessel; or
    - (b) warping a ship through the lock; or
    - (c) mooring and unmooring ships at harbour wallberths or in pier; or
  - (d) removing or replacing dry dock caisoons whenvessels are entering or leaving dry docks; or
    - (e) the docking or undocking of any vessel duringan emergency; or
  - (f) preparing splicing coir springs and checkwires, painting depth marks on lock-sides, removing or replacing fenders whenever necessary, landing of gangways, maintaining life-buoys up to standard or anyother maintenance work of a like nature; or

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- (g) any work on jolly-boats for bringing a ship'sline to the wharf; or
- (viii) employed in the construction, maintenance, repair ordemolition of--
  - (a) any building which is designed to be or is orhas been more than one storey in height above the ground or twelve feet or more from the ground level to the apex of the roof; or
  - (b) any dam or embankment which is twelve feet ormore in height from its lowest to its highest point; or
- (c) any road, bridge, tunnel or canal; or
  - (d) any wharf, quay, sea-wall or other marine work including any moorings of ships; or
  - (ix) employed in setting up, maintaining, repairing ortaking down any telegraph or telephone line or post orany overhead electric line or cable or post or standardor fittings and fixtures for the same; or]
  - employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity, in the construction, working, repair
    or demolition of anyaerial ropeway, canal, pipe-line, or sewer; or
  - (xi) employed in the service of any fire brigade; or
  - (xii) employed upon a railway as defined in clause (4) of section 3, and sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890), either directly or through a sub-contractor, by a person fulfilling a contract with the railway administration; or
  - (xiii) employed as an inspector, mail guard, sorter or vanpeon in the Railway Mail Service 1\*[or as atelegraphist or as a postal or railway signaller], oremployed in any occupation ordinarily involving outdoor work in the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department; or
  - (xiv) employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity, inconnection with operations for winning natural petroleum or natural gas; or

## **HR Solution**



(xv) employed in any occupation involving blasting operations; or

Ins. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 18 (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).48C

- (xvi) employed in the making of any excavation in which on any one day of the preceding twelve months more than 1\*[twenty-five] persons have been employed or explosives have been used, or whose depth from its highest to its lowest point exceeds 2\*[twelve] feet; or
- $(\mbox{\tt xvii})$  employed in the  $\,$  operation of any ferry boat capableof carrying more than ten persons; or
- (xviii) employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity, on any estate which is maintained for the purpose ofgrowing 3\*[cardamom], cinchona, coffee, rubber or tea, and on which on any one day in the preceding twelvemonths twenty-five or more persons have been soemployed; or
- (xix) employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity, in the generating, transforming or supplying of electrical energy or in the generating or supplying of gas; or
- (xx) employed in a lighthouse as defined in clause (d) of section 2 of the Indian Lighthouse Act, 1927 (17 of 1927); or
- (xxi) employed in producing cinematograph pictures intended for public exhibition or in exhibiting such pictures; or
- (xxii) employed in the training, keeping or working of elephants or wild animals; or
- 4\*[(xxiii) employed in the tapping of palm-trees or the felling or logging of trees, or the transport of timberby inland waters, or the control or extinguishing offorest fires; or
- (xxiv) employed in operations for the catching or hunting of elephants or other wild animals; or]
- 5[(xxv)] employed as a diver; 4\*[or
- $(\verb"xxvi") \quad employed in the handling or transport of goods in, or within the precincts of, ---$ 
  - (a) any warehouse or other place in which goods are stored, and in which on any one day of  $\,$  the preceding twelve months ten  $\,$  or more persons have been so employed, or
- 1. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 18, for "fifty" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).
- 2. Subs. by s. 18, ibid., for "twenty" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).3. Ins. by Act 64 of 1962, s.

10 (w.e.f. 1-2-1963).

- 4. Ins. by Act 9 of 1938, s. 11.
- 5. Original cl. (xxiii) renumbered (xxv) by s. 11, ibid.

48D-48F

- (b) any market in which on any one day of the preceding twelve months 1\*[fifty] or more persons have been so employed; or
- (xxvii) employed in any occupation involving the handling and manipulation of radium or X-rays apparatus, or contact with radio-active substances;] 2\*[or]
- 2\*[(xxviii) employed in or in connection with the construction, erection, dismantling, operation ormaintenance of an aircraft as defined in section 2 of

## **HR Solution**



the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934 (22 of 1934); or

- (xxix) employed in farming by tractors or other contrivancesdriven by steam or other mechanical power or byelectricity; or
- (xxx) employed, otherwise than in a clerical capacity, in the construction, working, repair or maintenance of atubewell; or
- (xxxi) employed in the maintenance, repair or renewal of electric fittings in any building; or

(xxxii) employed in a circus.]

Explanation.--In this Schedule, "the preceding twelve months" relates in any particular case to the twelve months ending with theday on which the accident in such case occurred.]

**SCHE** 

See section 3

#### 3\*[SCHEDULE III

#### (See section 3)

#### LIST OF OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

S. No.	Occupational disease	Employment
(1)	(2)	(3)

#### PART A

Infectious and parasitic dis- (a) All work involving exposureeases contracted in an occuhealth or laboratory work; pation where there is a particular risk of contamination. (b) All work involving exposure

to veterinary work;

- (c) Work relating to handling animals, animal carcasses, part of such carcasses, or merchandise which may have been contaminated by animalsor animal carcasses:
- (d) Other work carrying a parti-cular risk of contamination.
- 2. Diseases caused by work in air.

All work involving exposure tocompressed the risk concerned.

- Diseases caused by lead or its All work involving exposure totoxic compounds. the risk concerned.
- 4. Poisoning by nitrous fumes.

All work involving exposure to the risk concerned.

 Poisoning by organo phosphocompounds. All work involving exposure torus the risk concerned.

#### PART B

1. Diseases caused by phosphorus compounds.

All work involving exposure toor its toxic the risk concerned.

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- 2. Diseases caused by mercury or compounds.
- 3. Diseases caused by benzene or homologues.
- All work involving exposure toits toxic the risk concerned.
- All work involving exposure toits toxic the risk concerned.



4.	Diseases caused by nitro and derivatives of homologues.	All work involving exposure toamido toxic the risk concerned. benzene or its
5.	Diseases caused by chromium compounds.	All work involving exposure toor its toxic the risk concerned.
6.	Diseases caused by arsenic or compounds.	All work involving exposure toits toxic the risk concerned.
7.	Diseases caused by radioactive and ionising radia-	All work involving exposure to substances the action of radioactive sub-tions. stances or ionising radiations.
8.	Primary epitheliomatous can- skin caused by tar, mineral oil, anthracene, or the compounds, products or residues of thesesubstances.	All work involving exposure tocer of the the risk concerned. pitch, bitumen,
9.	Diseases caused by the toxic derivatives of hydro- aliphatic andaromatic series).	All work involving exposure tohalogen the risk concerned. carbons (of the
10.	Diseases caused by carbon	All work involving exposure to disulphide. the risk concerned.
11.	Occupational cataract due to radiations.	All work involving exposure toinfra-red the risk concerned.
12.	Diseases caused by manganese compounds.	All work involving exposure toor its toxic the risk concerned.
13.	Skin diseases caused by physior biological included in other items.	All work involving exposure tocal, chemical the risk concerned agents not
14.	Hearing impairment caused	All work involving exposure toby noise. the risk concerned.
15.	Poisoning by dinitrophenol or or by substituted dinitrophenol or by thesalts of such substances.	All work involving exposure to homologue the risk concerned.
16.	Diseases caused by beryllium compounds.	All work involving exposure toor its toxic the risk concerned.
17.	Diseases caused by cadmium compounds.	All work involving exposure toor its toxic the risk concerned.
18.	Occupational asthma caused recognised sensitising to the work process.	All work involving exposure toby the risk concerned agents inherent
19.	Diseases caused by fluorine or compounds.	All work involving exposure toits toxic the risk concerned.
20.	Diseases caused by nitrogly- other nitroacid	All work involving exposure tocerine or the risk concerned. esters.

## **HR Solution**



21. Diseases caused by alcohols

All work involving exposure to and ketones. the risk concerned.

22. Diseases caused by asphycarbon monoxide, and its toxic derivatives, hydrogensulfide. All work involving exposure toxiants: the risk concerned.



23. Lung cancer and mesothelioby asbestos.

All work involving exposure tomas caused the risk concerned.

24. Primary neoplasm of the epiof the urinary kidney or the ureter. All work involving exposure tothelial lining the risk concerned. bladder or the

All work involving exposure tocaused by

the risk concerned."

1. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 18, "one hundred" (w. e. f. 1-6-1959).2. Ins. by s. 18. ibid. (w.e.f.1-6-1959).

3. Subs. by Act 22 of 1994, s. 6 (w.e.f. 1-7-1994).

#### PART C

Pneumoconioses caused by All work involving exposure tosclerogenic mineral dust (silithe risk concerned cosis, anthraoosilicosis, asbestosis) and silico-tubercu- losis provided that silicosis isan essential factor in causing the resultant incapacity or death. 2. Bagassosis. All work involving exposure tothe risk concerned. 3. Bronchopulmonary diseases All work involving exposure tocaused by cotton, flax hemp the risk concerned. and sisal dust (Byssinosis). 4. Extrinsic allergic alveelitis All work involving exposure tocaused by the the risk concerned. organic dusts. inhalation of

1. Subs. by Act 8 of 1959, s. 18, "one hundred" (w.e.f. 1-6-1959).2. Ins. by s. 18. ibid. (w.e.f.1-6-1959).

Bronchopulmonary diseases

hard metals.

SCHE

5.

See section 4

## 2\*[SCHEDULE IV

### (See section 4)

Factors for working out lump sum equivalentamount in case of of permanent disablement and death.			
Completed years of age on the last birthday of theworkman immediately preceding the date on which the compensation fell due			Factors
	1		2
not more than	16		228.54
	17		227.49
	18		226 38

## **HR Solution**

<sup>3.</sup> Subs. by Act 22 of 1994, s. 6 (w.e.f. 1-7-1994).48G



19	225.22
20	224.00
21	222.71



22	221.37
23	219.95
24	218.47
25	216.91
26	215.28
27	213.57
28	211.79
29	209.92
30	207.98
31	205.95
32	203.85
33	201.66
34	199.40
35	197.06
36	294.64
37	192.14
38	189.56
39	186.90
40	184.17
41	181.37
42	178.49
43	175.54
44	172.52
45	169.44
46	166.29
47	163.07
48	159.80
49	156.47
50	153.09
51	149.67
52	146.20
53	142.68
54	139.13

## **HR Solution**



55	135.56
56	131.95
57	128.33
58	124.70
59	121.05



60	117.41
61	113.77
62	110.14
63	106.52
64	102.93
65 or more	99.37.]

<sup>1</sup> Subs. by Act 22 of 1984, s. 7 (w.e.f. 1-7-1984).